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NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS SINCE 1975

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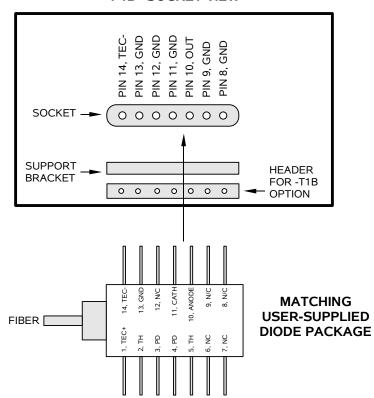
INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVX-S3A-P1B

PLUG-IN SOCKET OUTPUT MODULE

SERIAL NUMBER:

"P1B" SOCKET VIEW



WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

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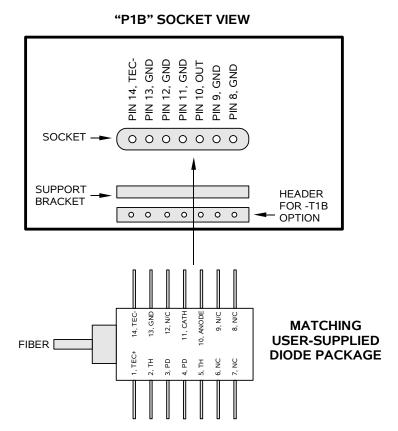
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Manual Reference: /fileserver/officefiles/instructword/avx-s/AVX-S3A-P1B with -T1B-INV optional,ed1.odt. Last modified February 12, 2009.
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INTRODUCTION

The AVX-S series of bias insertion units is designed to combine a pulse signal with a DC bias, and supply the resulting signal to a laser diode, which is inserted into a high quality socket included on the mount. The bias insertion module includes the necessary networks to match the laser diode to the pulse source, as well as networks for applying DC bias to the diode.

The AVX-S3A-P1B is specifically designed to accommodate butterfly-packaged laser diodes with the pinout illustrated below:



AVAILABLE OPTIONS

A number of options are available for the AVX-S3A-P1B, including:

-T1B option: Adds a secondary (low-bandwidth) slide-on socket board for pins 1-7 of a butterfly package. A flexible cable connects the slide-on socket to the output module. A male DB-9 connector is provided on the output module, which provides access to the thermal control pins of the diode. DB-9 pin 2 connects to diode pin 2 (TH). DB-9 pin 3 connects to diode pin 5 (TH). DB-9 pin 4 connects to diode pin 1 (TEC+). DB-9 pin 5 connects to diode pin 14 (TEC-). The remaining DB-9 pins are unconnected. Pins 3, 4, 6, and 7 of the diode are grounded. Access to the photodiode, if present, is not provided. This option requires the -P1B option. This option is designed for compatibility with Thorlabs temperature controllers and Lumics laser diodes. It may be suitable for others as well.

-INV option: Adds a polarity-inverting transformer to the input of the AVX-S3A-P1B.

SPECIFICATIONS

Model:	AVX-S3A
Peak diode current:	5 A
Max. input amplitude:	150 Volts
Pulse width:	2 - 100 ns
Rise time:	0.5 ns
Pulse PRF range:	DC - 20 kHz
Max. bias current:	100 mA
Max. bias voltage:	50 Volts
Input impedance:	50 Ohms
N (transformer ratio ^{1,2}):	+2
R _S + R _{DIODE} :	12.5 Ohms ideally. $R_s = 10$ Ohms.
IN connector:	SMA female (one)
Other connectors:	MV, MI, MD: SMA (female), DC bias: solder terminal
Diode socket:	-P1B option: for specific butterfly package, see footnote ³
Dimensions:	H x W x D: 41 mm x 66 mm x 76 mm (1.6" x 2.6" x 3.0")
Material:	Cast aluminum, blue enamel

¹⁾ The transformer reduces the input voltage by a factor of N (approx) and increases the current by a factor of N (approx). The load resistance (R_S+R_{DIODE}) must equal 50Ω / N^2 (approx).

²⁾ A polarity inverting option is available. Add the suffix -INV to the model number to specify this option. "N" is a negative number when this option is installed.

^{3) -}P1B (specific pinout option). No further drawings are required. The socket will accept pins 8-14 of a standard butterfly package with 0.5 mm wide pins. A pulse will be applied to the diode anode (pin 10). Pins 8-9 and 11-13 will be grounded. Pin 14 will be made accessible through a solder terminal. Four mounting holes on a 8.9 x 26 mm grid will be provided. The diode parasitic resistance (dV/dI at lasing) must be < 1 Ohm. A low-bandwidth slide-on socket can also be provided for pins 1-7 of the diode, with the thermal control pins brought out to a standard DB-9 connector (-T1B option).

GENERAL INFORMATION

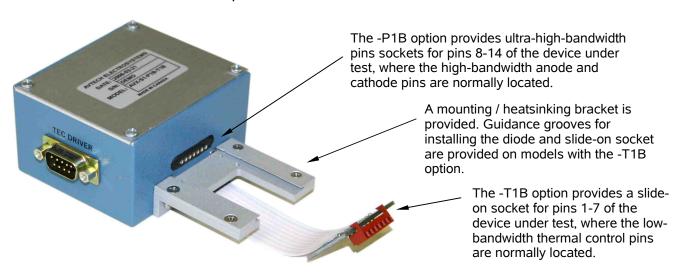
INSTALLING THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

The AVX-S3A-P1B has a "P1B" high-speed socket for pins 8-14 of the diode under test. If the "-T1B" option has been specified, a slide-on socket for pins 1-7 of the diode will also be present.

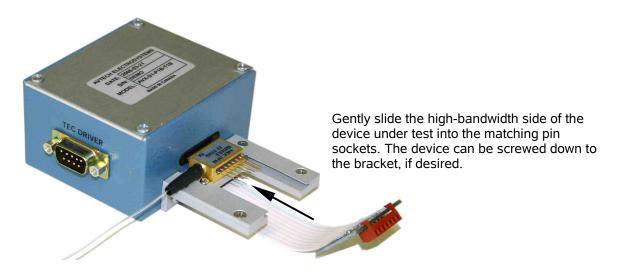
The "P1B" socket consists of seven high-bandwidth pin sockets. This socket arrangement will accept pins 8-14 of a standard butterfly package with 0.5 mm wide pins. A positive pulse will be applied to the diode anode (pin 10). Pins 8-9 and 11-13 will be grounded.

The optional "T1B" socket consists of a low-bandwidth slide-on socket board for pins 1-7 of a butterfly package. A flexible cable connects the slide-on socket to the output module. A male DB-9 connector is provided on the output module, which provides access to the thermal control pins of the diode. DB-9 pin 2 connects to diode pin 2 (TH). DB-9 pin 3 connects to diode pin 5 (TH). DB-9 pin 4 connects to diode pin 1 (TEC+). DB-9 pin 5 connects to diode pin 14 (TEC-). The remaining DB-9 pins are unconnected. Pins 3, 4, 6, and 7 of the diode are grounded. Access to the photodiode, if present, is not provided. This option is designed for compatibility with Thorlabs temperature controllers and Lumics laser diodes. It may be suitable for others as well.

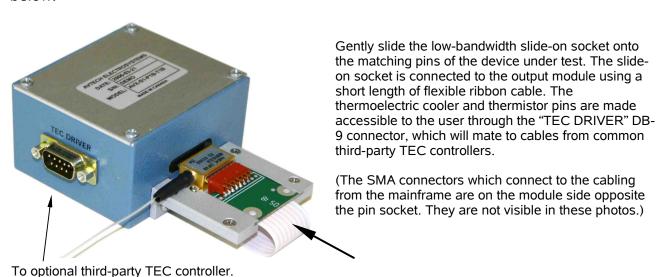
With no diode installed, the output module will look similar to this:



The diode is first installed by sliding pins 8-14 into the "P1B" pin sockets, as shown below:

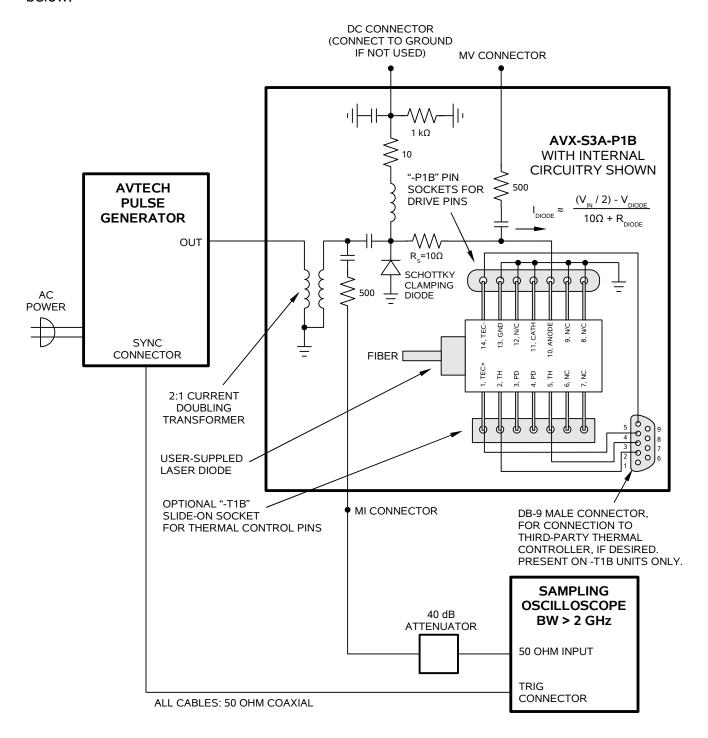


If present, the T1B slide-on socket assembly can then be slid onto pins 1-7, as shown below:



NORMAL TEST ARRANGEMENT

The normal connection arrangement and the functional equivalent circuit are shown below:



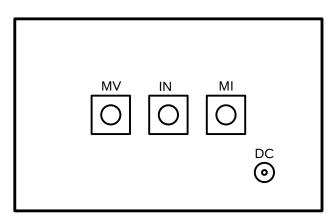
THERMAL CONTROL (-T1B UNITS)

Models with the "-T1B" option include a DB-9 male connector that will mate to third-party temperature controllers. These third-party controller provide a means of controlling the thermoelectric cooler that is typically present in butterfly-packaged laser diodes, if desired. The need for cooling is dependent on the user's application. Cooling is generally recommended by device manufacturers.

SIGNAL CONNECTORS ON THE OUTPUT MODULE

An oscilloscope may be used to monitor the MI and MV outputs. A forward DC bias may be applied to the laser diode by connecting a DC potential of 0 to +10 Volts to the DC solder terminal. The application of a small forward bias often yields a more ideal diode current waveform (as observed on the MI port).

Note that the DC port must be shorted to ground if a bias is not applied. Waveform distortions will occur otherwise.



AVX-S1-P1B OUTPUT MODULE, CONNECTOR VIEW

AMPLITUDE CONTROL

The pulse current through the diode load installed in the output module is given by:

$$I_{DIODE} = ((V_{SET} / 2) - V_{DIODE}) / (10\Omega + R_{DIODE})$$

where V_{SET} is the amplitude setting on the driving pulse generator, V_{DIODE} is the forward voltage drop across the diode (typically 2 or 3V), and R_{DIODE} is typically on the order of 1 Ohm. Ideally, $(10\Omega + R_{DIODE}) = 12.5\Omega$ for an optimal transmission line impedance match.

Standard AVX-S3A-P1B models require a positive pulse ($V_{SET} > 0$) on the input, in order to forward bias the device anode.

-INV OPTION

Models with the -INV option have a polarity inverting transformer on the input. This is useful if the user has a pulse generator that generates negative amplitudes only. (The standard AVX-S3A-P1B requires a positive pulse for normal operation.)

The amplitude control equation becomes:

$$I_{DIODE} = ((-V_{SET}/2) - V_{DIODE}) / (10\Omega + R_{DIODE})$$

COMPATIBLE PULSE GENERATORS

The AVX-S3A-P1B is designed for use with high-speed Avtech pulse generators, such as those the in the AVL-AV-1, AVL-3A, AVR-E3, AVO-2, and other families. The AVX-S3A-P1B may also be suitable for use with other pulse generators. Contact Avtech (info@avtechpulse.com) if you need assistance selecting a pulse generator.

Models in the Avtech AVO-9 series include a pulse generator and an AVX-S series output module in a complete "bundle". See http://www.avtechpulse.com/laser/ for details.