AVTECH ELECTROSYSTEMS LTD.

NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING - MANUFACTURING



BOX 5120 STN. "F" OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2C 3H4 (613) 226.5772 TELEX 053.4591

INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVO-7-C-N-LLLB PULSE GENERATOR

S.N.:

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation or liability assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied. Fig. l

PULSE GENERATOR TEST ARRANGEMENT

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- The equipment should be connected in the general fashion shown above. Since the AVO unit provides an output pulse rise time as low as 100 nsec a fast oscilloscope (at least 50 MHz and preferably 200 MHz) should be used to display the waveform.
- 2) The sync output channel provides TTL level signals. To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some sampling scopes, a 30 db attenuator should be placed at the input to the sampling scope trigger channel.
- 3) To obtain a stable output display the PRF and PRF FINE controls on the front panel should be set mid-range. The front panel TRIG toggle switch should be in the INT position. The front panel DELAY control and the scope triggering controls are then adjusted to obtain a stable output. The scope may then be used to set the desired PRF by rotating the PRF and PRF FINE controls. The main output is delayed with respect to the SYNC output by about 0 to 1 usec depending on the DELAY control setting.
- 4) The output terminals of the pulse generator module consists of a short length of microstrip transmission line protruding from the module chassis. The OUT terminal is the center conductor which is bounded on both sides by the ground plane (see below):



The load should be connected between the OUT and GND terminals using very short leads ($\langle 2.0 \text{ cm} \rangle$). The voltage across the load may be monitored by connecting a length of 80 mil semi-rigid 50 ohm cable as shown below (or by means of a high impedance scope probe):



Take care to insure that during soldering the OUT conductor is not shorted to the chassis. Also, use minimal heat when soldering.

- 5) The output pulse width is controlled by the 3 position range switch and one turn fine control.
- 6) The output amplitude is controlled by the amplitude of the DC potential supplied to the rear panel of the PG module (black banana terminal and ground terminal).
- 7) An external clock may be used to control the output PRF of the unit by setting the front panel TRIG toggle switch in the EXT position and applying a 0.2 usec (approx) TTL level pulse to the TRIG BNC connector input. For operation in this mode, the scope time base must also be triggered by the external clock rather than from the SYNC output.

- 8) The AVD-7 is designed to supply up to 100 amperes peak to a maximum load voltage of 20 volts. Factory tests are conducted with a 0.2 ohm load capable of dissipating at least 2000 watts. Higher load resistance values may be used but the output voltage must be limited to 30 volts or less.
- 9) Model AVD-7-C-LLLB will operate with a duty cycle at least as high as 85% when the front panel DC out switch is in the DFF position and pulse is controlled by the front panel Pulse Width and Pulse Width Range controls. A duty cycle of 100% is obtained by setting the DC out switch in the ON position. In this position the PW controls are no longer active. In this position the load voltage will be about 1.5 volts less than the applied DC voltage for a load current of 100 amperes.
- 10) The unit can be converted from 110 to 220V 50-60 Hz operation by adjusting the voltage selector card in the rear panel fused voltage selector cable connector assembly.



- (1) ON-OFF Switch. Applies basic prime power to all stages.
- (2) <u>PRF Control</u>. Varies PRF from about 20 Hz to about 20
 (3) KHz. The operating PRF should be set using a scope.
- (4) <u>DELAY Control</u>. Controls the relative delay between the reference output pulse provided at the SYNC output (6) and the main output (8). This delay is variable over the range of 0 to about 1 usec.
- (6) <u>SYNC Output</u>. This output precedes the main output (8) and is used to trigger the sampling scope time base. The output is a TTL level 100 nsec (approx.) pulse capable of driving a fifty ohm load.
- (7) <u>PW Control</u>. A one turn control and three position range switch which varies the output pulse width from 2 usec to 2.5 msec.
- (8) <u>OUT Connector</u>. A multi pin connector which attaches the 2 foot cable from the pulse generator module to the main frame.
- (9) EXT-INT Control. With this toggle switch in the INT position, the PRF of the AVO unit is controlled via an internal clock which in turn is controlled by the PRF controls. With the toggle switch in the EXT position, the AVO unit requires a 0.2 usec TTL level pulse applied at the TRIG input in order to trigger the output stages. In addition, in this mode, the scope time base must be triggered by the external trigger source.
- (10) <u>TRIG Input</u>. The external trigger signal is applied at this input when the EXT toggle switch is in the EXT position. The output pulse appears about 60 nsec after the application of the TRIG pulse.
- (11) DC_OUT. Model AVO-7-C-LLLB will operate with a duty cycle at least as high as 85% when the front panel DC out switch is in the OFF position and pulse is controlled by the front panel Pulse Width and Pulse Width Range controls. A duty cycle of 100% is obtained by setting the DC out switch in the ON position. In this position the PW controls are no longer active. In this position the load voltage will be about 1.5 volts less than the applied DC voltage for a load current of 100 amperes.

BACK PANEL CONTROLS

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Fig. 3

(1) FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR. The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse.



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AVO-7-C BLOCK DIAGRAM (LLLB)

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