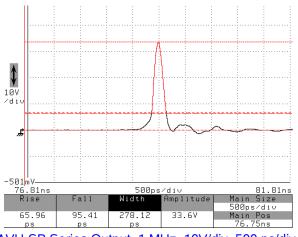




15 to 100 VOLTS, 1 MHz SUB-NANOSECOND IMPULSE GENERATORS



AVH-SB Series Output, 1 MHz, 10V/div, 500 ps/div.

The AVH series of low jitter, high output amplitude impulse generators provides pulse widths (measured at the 20% rise time point) in the range of 350 ps to 1 ns, amplitudes as high as 100 Volts, with pulse repetition frequencies up to 1 MHz.

Models in the AVH-S series generate impulses of up to 15 Volts, with 500 ps pulse widths (measured at the 20% rise time point – the FWHM pulse width is smaller).

The AVH-SB series provides 350 ps widths and amplitudes to 30 Volts. The AVH series offers wider (1 ns) operation at 30V.

The high-voltage AVH-HV1 series provides 1 ns widths (optionally 0.8 ns) and amplitudes to 100 Volts.

A delay control and a sync output are provided for sampling scope triggering purposes. The units can also be triggered externally using a TTL-level pulse. Either output polarity can be provided, as well as a dualpolarity option. A DC offset or bias insertion option is available with most units. Units with this option include a circuit similar to Model AVX-T at the output. The required DC offset or bias is applied directly to rearpanel solder terminals.

All models require 100-240 V, 50-60 Hz prime power.

Instruments with the -B suffix include a complete computer control interface (for details, please see <u>http://www.avtechpulse.com/gpib</u>). This provides GPIB

- Pulse widths as low as 200 ps
- Amplitudes to 100 Volts
- PRF to 1 MHz
- Low jitter

and RS-232 computer-control, as well as front panel keypad and adjust knob control of the output pulse parameters. A large backlit LCD displays the output amplitude, frequency, delay, and polarity. To allow easy integration into automated test systems, the programming command set is based on the SCPI standard, and some LabView drivers are available.

-B units also include a rear-panel Ethernet connector, allowing the instrument to be remotely controlled using the VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, and web protocols. In particular, the VXI-11.3 features allows software like LabView to control an instrument using standard VISA communications drivers and network cabling, instead of using older-style GPIB cabling and GPIB controller cards. See http://www.avtechpulse.com/options/vxi.

-C models provide output pulse parameters similar to those of the -B models, but do not include the GPIB, RS-232, or Ethernet interfaces (i.e. no computer control or LCD display). The output parameters are controlled by front-panel switches and one-turn controls.

In some cases, the specifications can be adapted to satisfy a particular requirement. Contact the factory for your special requirement. See the AVG series for higher amplitudes and the AVMH series for higher repetition rates, at the online selection guide:

http://www.avtechpulse.com/impulse



-B style instrument



SPECIFICATIONS

AVH SERIES

Model:		AVH-S-C ¹ AVH-S-B ²	AVH-SB-C ¹ AVH-SB-B ²	AVH-C ¹ AVH-B ²	AVH-HV1-C ¹ AVH-HV1-B ²
Amplitude ³ : (50Ω load)		3 to 15 V	6 to 30 V	6 to 30 V	10 to 100 V
Pulse width, measured at 20% rise time ⁸ :		≤ 500 ps	≤ 350 ps	≤ 1 ns	≤ 1 ns standard, ≤ 0.8 ns optional ⁴
Maixmum PRF:		1 MHz 100 kHz			
Polarity⁵:		Positive, negative, or dual-polarity (specify)			
Propagation delay:		≤ 200 ns, Ext trig in to pulse out.			
Required load impedance:		50 Ohms ⁷			
Jitter:		± 15 ps (Ext trig in to pulse out)			
DC offset option ⁶ :		Apply required DC offset to back-panel solder terminals (± 50 Volts, 250 mA max)			
Trigger modes:	-B units:	Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 k Ω input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command.			
	-C units:	Internal trigger, or external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 50 ns, 1 k Ω input impedance).			
Variable delay: -B units:		0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger).			
(Sync to main out) -C units:		0 to 200 ns, for internal trigger mode only. No variable delay in external trigger mode.			
Sync output:		> +3 Volts, > 50 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads			
Gate input:		-B units only: Synchronous or asynchronous, active high or low, switchable. Suppresses triggering when active.			
Connectors:		Out: SMA, Trig/Sync, Gate (-B only): BNC			
GPIB, RS-232 control ² :		Standard on -B units. Not available on -C units.			
Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web:		Included on -B units. Recommended as a modern alternative to GPIB / RS-232. See <u>http://www.avtechpulse.com/options/vxi</u> for details.			
Calibration:		Not calibrated. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output parameters with a calibrated oscilloscope.			
Power requirements:		100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz			
Dimensions (H x W x D):		100 mm x 430 mm x 375 mm (3.9" x 17" x 14.8")			
Optional rack-mount kit:		Add the suffix "-R5" to the model number to include 19" rack mount kit.			
Operating temperature:		+5°C to +40°C			

1) -C suffix indicates stand-alone lab instrument with internal clock and line

2) -B suffix indicates statutation and read institutinent with internal clock and nine powering.
 2) -B suffix indicates IEEE-488.2 GPIB and RS-232 control of amplitude, PRF, delay and polarity. (See http://www.avtechpulse.com/gpib).
 3) For operation of variable-amplitude units at amplitudes of less than 20% of full-

scale, best results will be obtained by setting the amplitude near full-scale and using external attenuators on the output. 4) For 800 ps pulse width option, add suffix -T1.

5) Indicate desired polarity by suffixing model number with -P or -N (i.e. positive

or negative) or -PN for dual polarity option. Polarity reversal achieved by means of a two-position switch that controls the polarity of the signal output port on -C units and via keypad control on -B units.
6) For DC offset option suffix the model number with -OS. Avtech Model AVX-T

- bias tee can also be used to obtain DC offset.
- A 50 Ohm load is required. Other loads may damage the instrument. Consult Avtech (info@avtechpulse.com) if you need to drive other load impedances.
 The FWHM pulse width, measured at 50% rise, will be lower.



-C style instrument